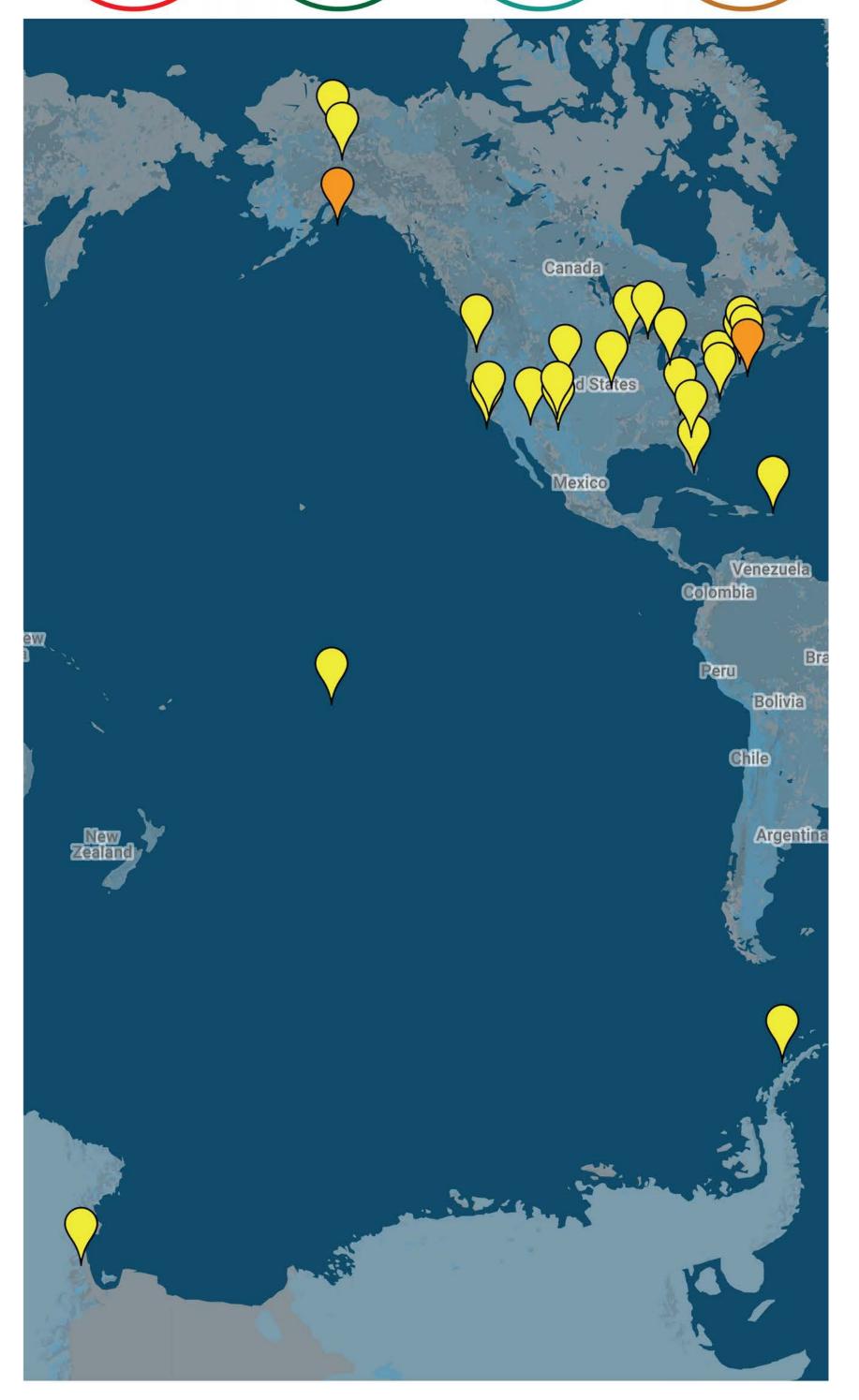
U.S. Long Term Ecological Research Network









The Long-Term Ecological Research (LTER) Network consists of 25 sites (soon to be 27) with a rich history of ecological inquiry, collaboration across a wide range of research topics, and engagement with students, educators, and resource managers.

The power of long-term research

Long-term studies grounded some of the most fundamental discoveries of ecological

theory. As the science evolves, they continue to serve as the gold-standard for developing and testing new hypotheses.

Ecosystems are experiencing

conditions with no natural

manipulation experiments

combined with simulation

modeling help answer the

precedent. Long-term

what-if questions.



Credit: CDR LTER



Long-term studies serve as pre-treatment controls for the natural experiments offered by rare and extreme events, including wildfires, El Niños, and hurricanes.



Long-term data reveal **shifting baselines** and place current ecosystem conditions in the broader historical context of past conditions.



The practice of LTERs



Long-Term Observations

Each site maintains long-term

ecosystem, providing critical

records of key parameters for that

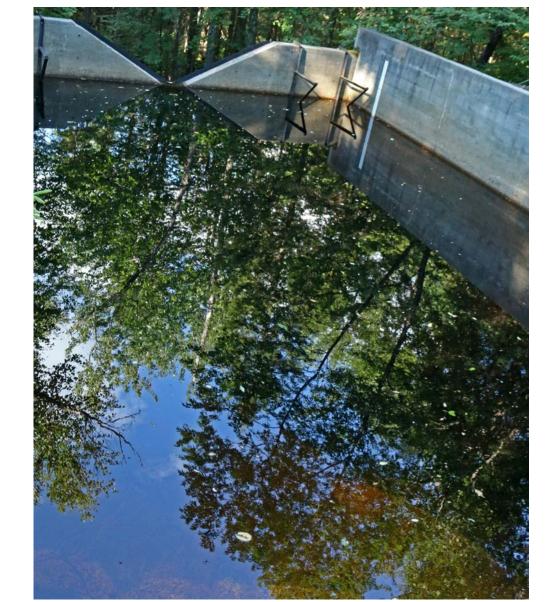
context for shorter-term studies

and cross-system comparisons.

Credit: US Forest Service - Northern Research Station

LTER sites maintain experimental manipulations that test potential influences on ecosystem change, such as nutrient inputs, biodiversity, temperature, and precipitation. The experiments serve as a resource to the entire ecological research community.

Long-Term Experiments



Credit: Erika Zambello/LTER Network

Credit: Liz Duff/PIE-LTER

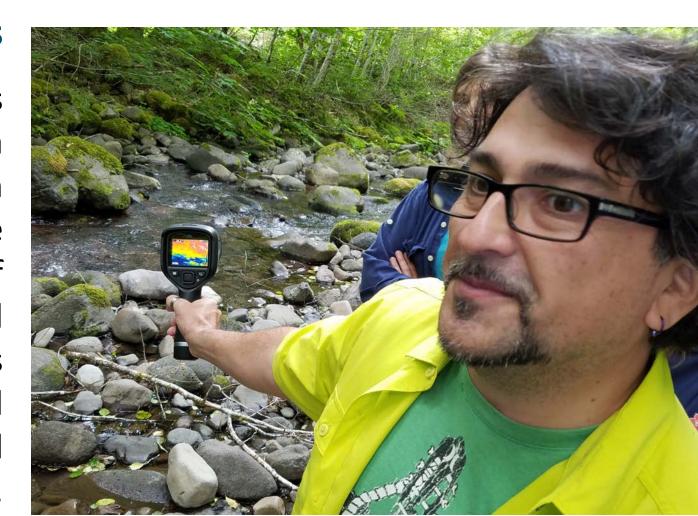
Long-Term Relationships

Over time, LTER sites build trusting relationships with resource managers, educators, and landowners in their regions. Individual investigators can capitalize on those relationships to get new projects off the ground fast.



Expanding Opportunities

Bringing together diverse groups of researchers with sustained data collection and ecosystem manipulation experiments, these sites allow each new generation of scientists to apply new tools and explore new questions in systems where the context is well understood, shared, and thoroughly documented.

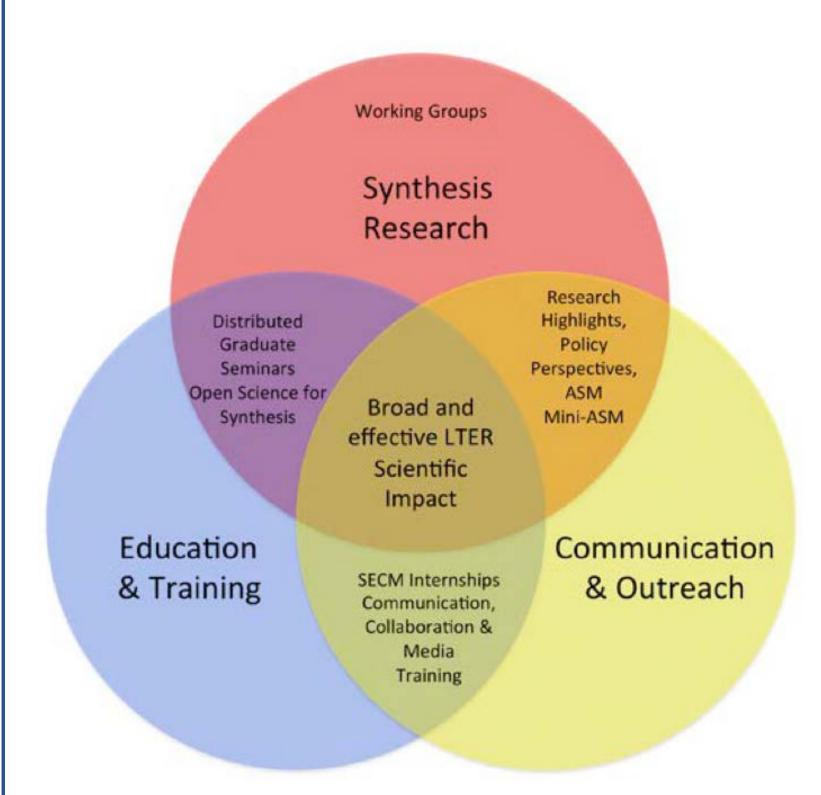


nco.lternet.edu

US LTER Network

By the numbers

25 sites 37 years 2,300 investigators >5,911 public datasets >16,000 journal articles



The LTER Network Communications Office is a hub for catalyzing scientific synthesis and facilitating engagement with the Network.

Long-term ecological and environmental studies allow us to better understand the inherent variability of natural systems, to discern trends and shifting baselines, and to witness rare events and unanticipated ecological surprises.

--Hughes et al. Bioscience, 2017

